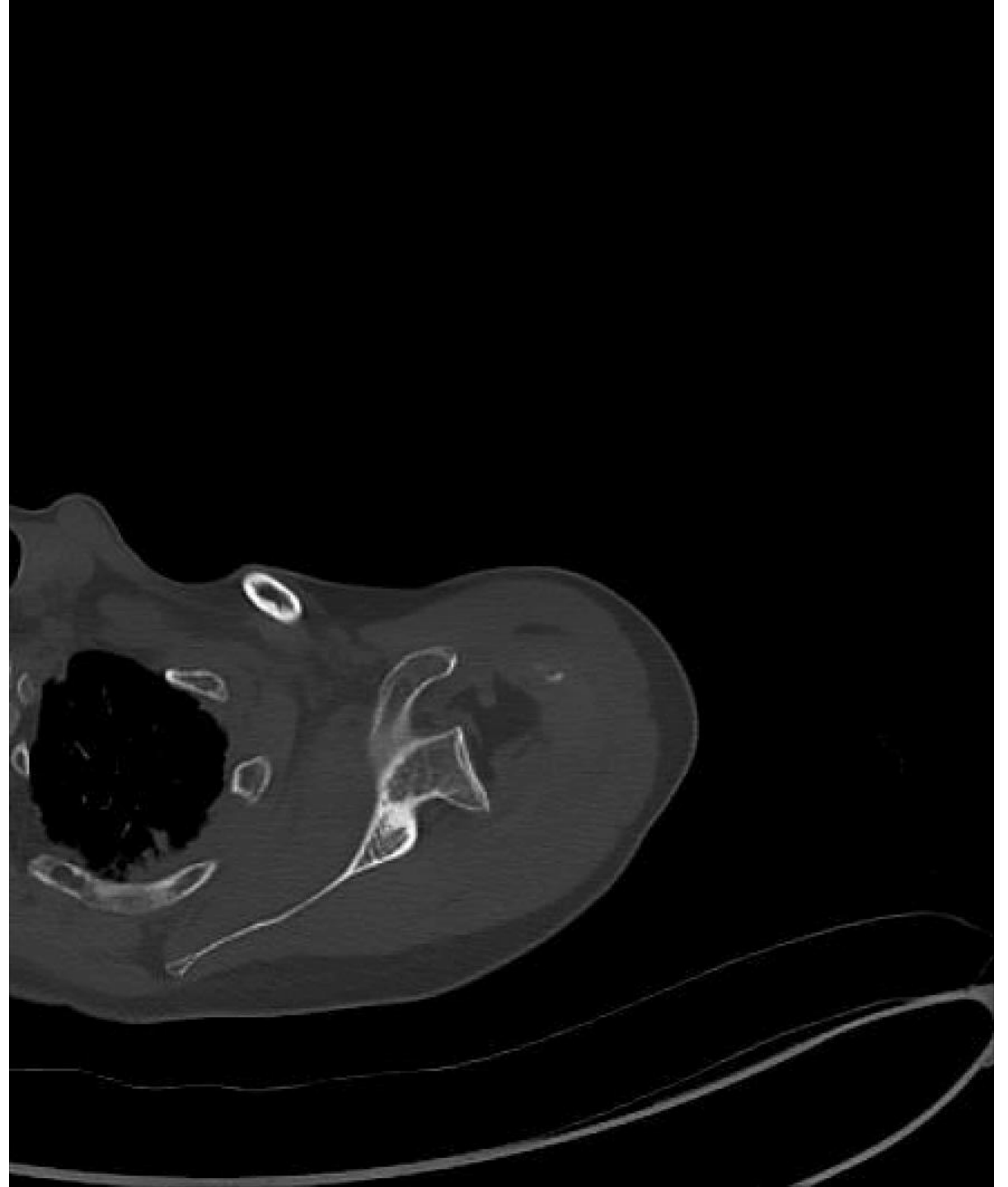
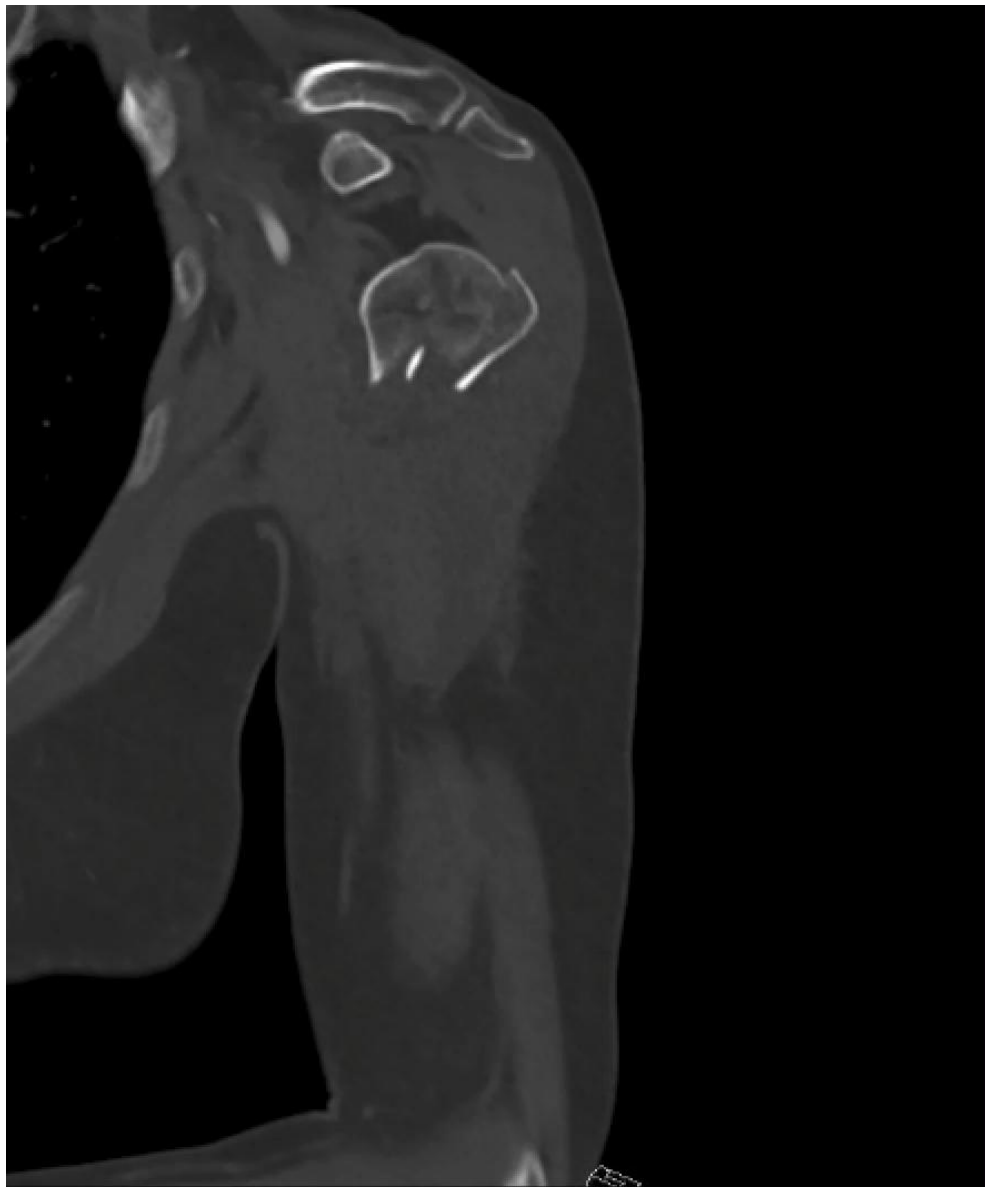


63 y.o female  
MVC  
Healthy

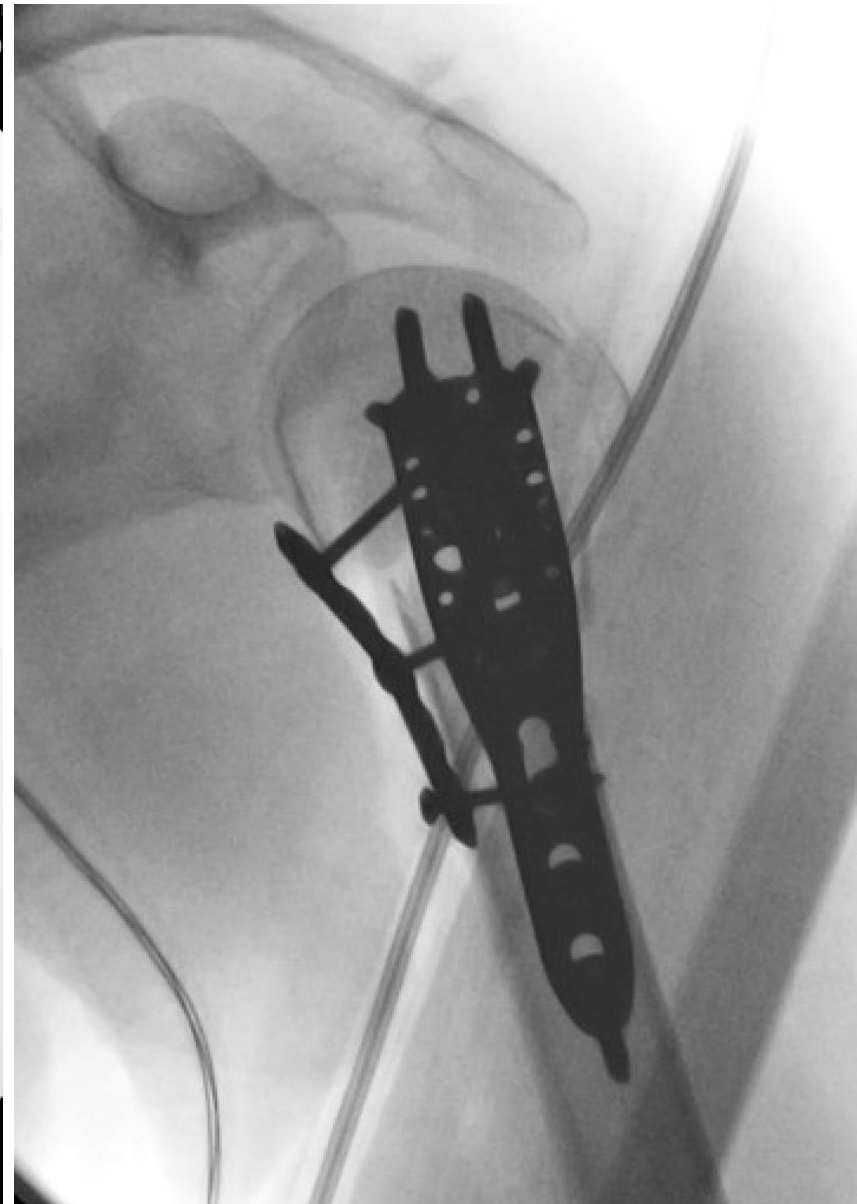
Polytrauma

- Left PHF
- Right Ankle
- Left Hand

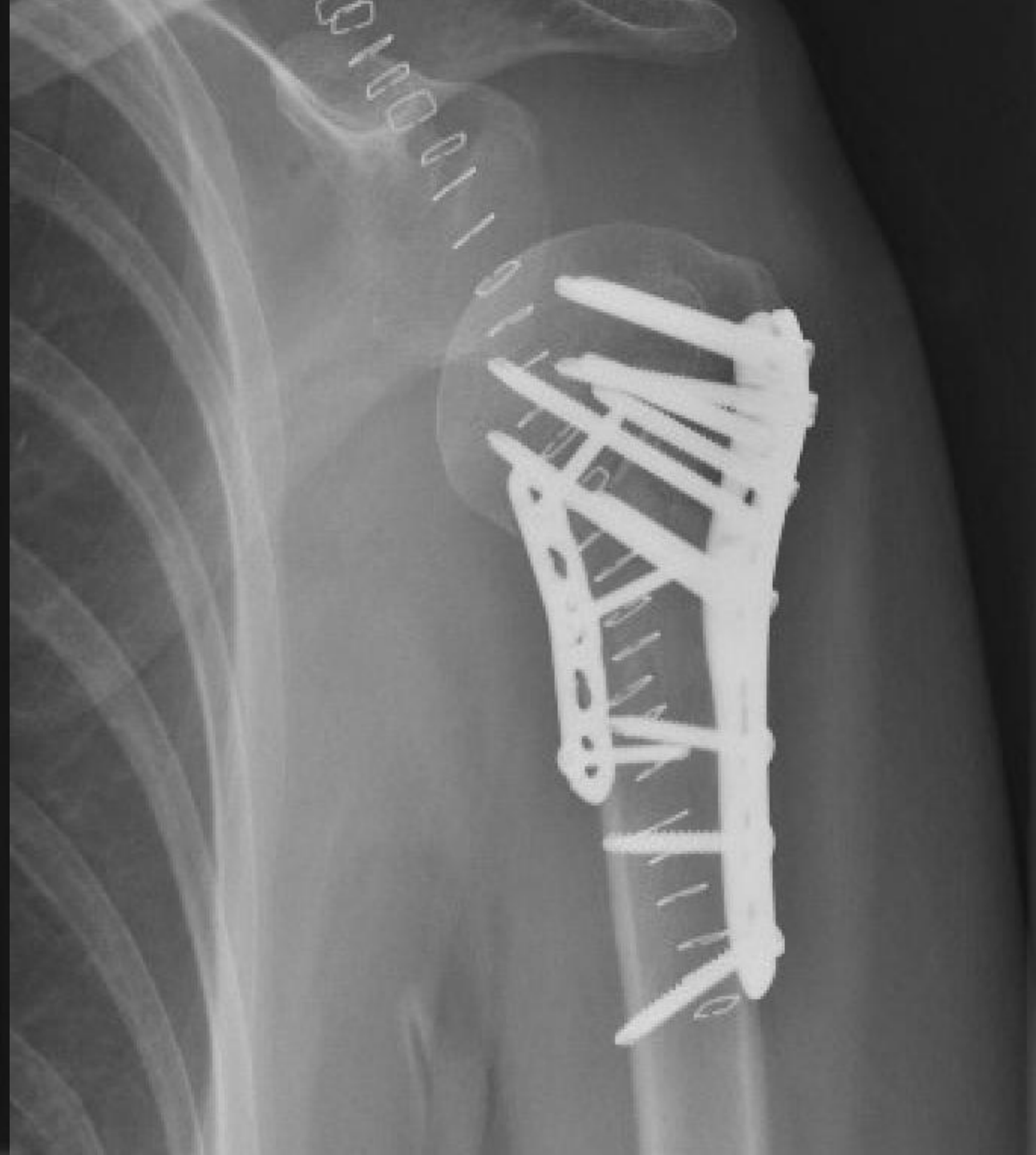
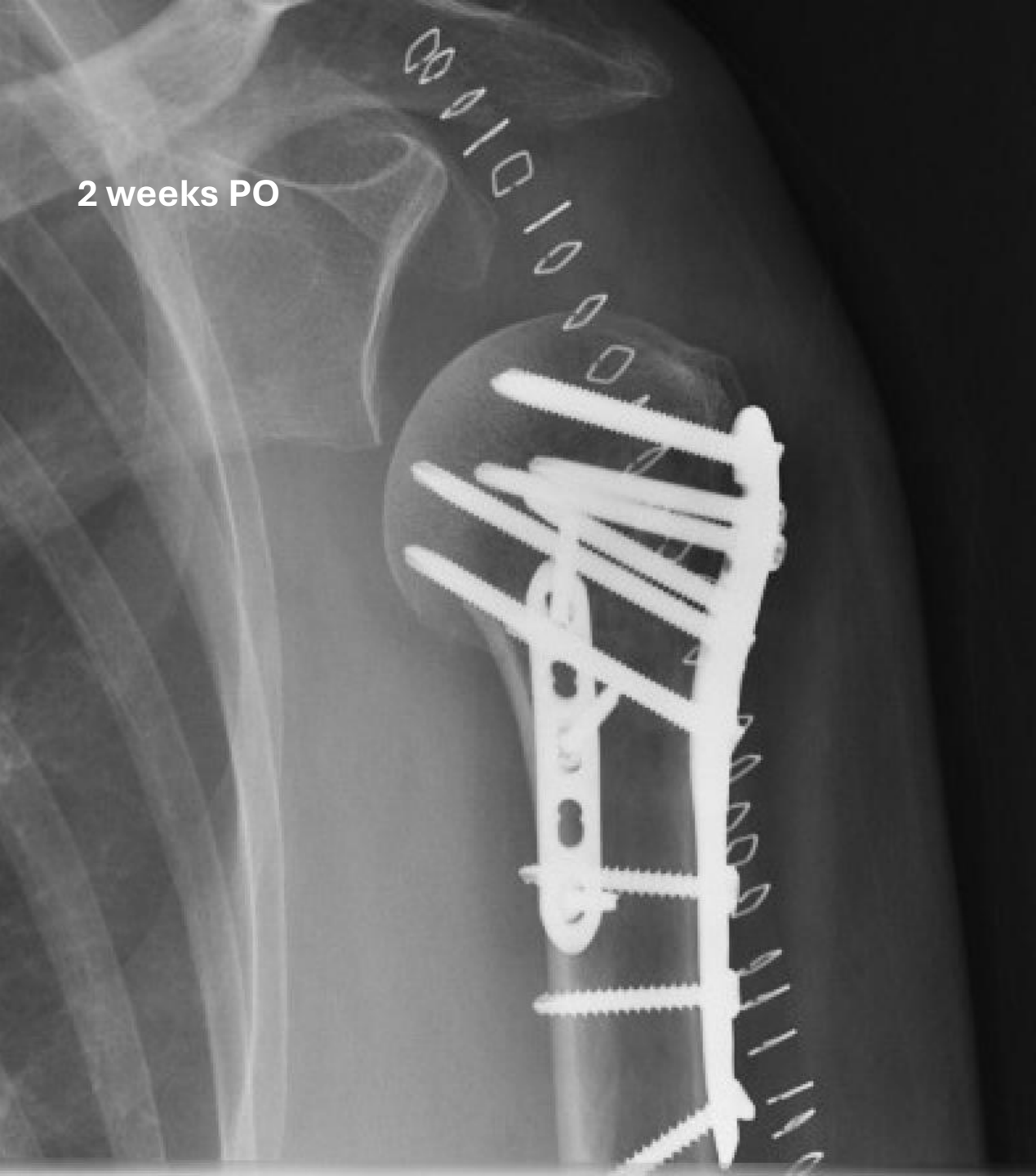




Intraop films



2 weeks PO

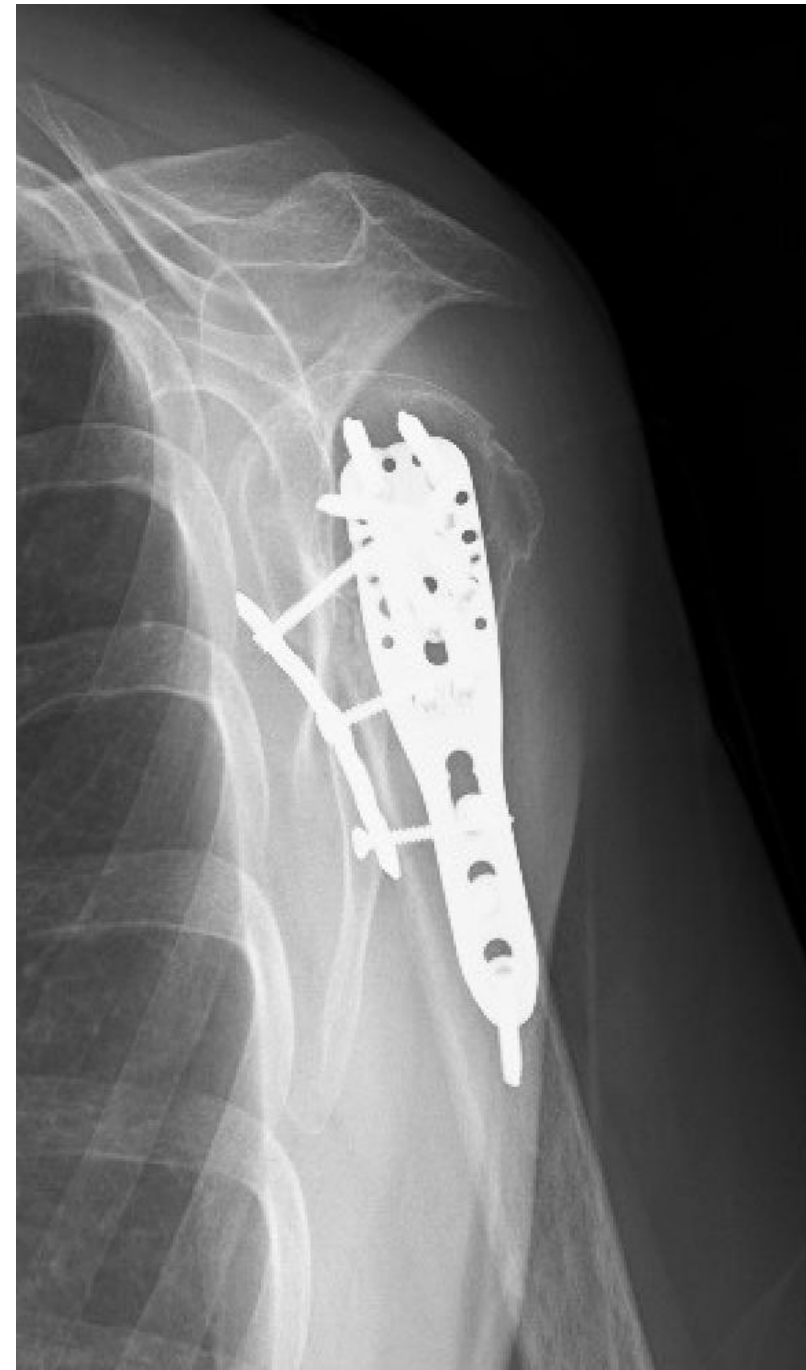


12 weeks PO

L  
DP



16 weeks PO



# Proximal Humerus Fractures With Associated Axillary Artery Injury

*Robert Thorsness, MD, Christopher English, MD, Jonathan Gross, MD, Wakenda Tyler, MD, Ilya Voloshin, MD, and John Gorczyca, MD*

- Journal of Orthopaedic Trauma, 2014
- **1 intraoperative death**
  
- **High risk patterns:**
- **2-part surgical neck fractures with medialization of the shaft fragment**
- **3- to 4-part anterior fracture-dislocations**

# McLaughlin et al. (1998)

- **84% occurred in patients older than 50 years**
- **53% were associated with brachial plexus injury**
- **21% resulted in upper extremity amputation**

# Nerve lesions in proximal humeral fractures

Cornelis P. J. Visser, MD,<sup>a</sup> L. Napoleon J. E. M. Coene, MD,<sup>b</sup> Ronald Brand, PhD,<sup>c</sup> and Denes L. J. Tavy, MD,<sup>b</sup> *Leiderdorp, The Hague, and Leiden, The Netherlands*

- 143 consecutive proximal humeral fractures due to low-velocity trauma using EMG
- **Nerve injury occurred in 67% of all fractures (96 of 143 patients)**
- Non displaced fractures (59%), Displaced fractures (82%)
  - **Axillary nerve: 58% (83 of 143 patients)**
  - **Suprascapular nerve: 48% (69 of 143 patients)**

# Humeral head inferior subluxation in proximal humerus fractures

Stefano Carbone<sup>1,2,3</sup> • Matteo Papalia<sup>4</sup> • Valerio Arceri<sup>5</sup> • Stefano Placidi<sup>5</sup> •  
Andrea Carbone<sup>6</sup> • Riccardo Mezzoprete<sup>5</sup>

- Retrospective study of 150 surgically treated PHF
- Evaluation: Preoperatively, 3 months post op and 12 months post op.
- Preoperative subluxation was present in 11.3% -> 14.6% at 3 months postoperative
- **By 12 months, only 7 cases showed persistent inferior subluxation**

# Risk factors

- **Preoperative subluxation** correlated significantly with:
  - **Complex fracture patterns** ( $p=0.045$ )
  - **Female** ( $p=0.038$ )
  - **Age >70 years** ( $p=0.003$ )
  - **Obesity (BMI >30)** ( $p=0.03$ )
  - **Local osteoporosis** ( $p=0.002$ )

# Risk factors

- **3-month postoperative subluxation** correlated with:
  - **Female** ( $p=0.04$ )
  - **Age >70 years** ( $p=0.002$ )
  - **Obesity** ( $p=0.02$ )
  - **Pin or screw articular surface perforation** ( $p<0.001$ )

# Risk factors

- **12-month persistent subluxation** correlated with:
  - **Age >70 years** ( $p=0.032$ )
  - **Obesity** ( $p=0.041$ )
  - **Screw joint perforation**
  - **Lower Constant Score** ( $p<0.001$ )

# Natural history

- **Spontaneous resolution** of inferior subluxation in most cases (92% by 6 weeks) due to **temporary muscle dysfunction rather than permanent structural damage**
- **Persistent subluxation at 12 months** likely represents either **early avascular necrosis** or **irreversible rotator cuff dysfunction** from severe soft tissue injury or malunion