



Avoiding The Failed Airway

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Financial Disclosures

- None

Objectives

1. Difficult airway identification
2. Indications/use for fiberoptic scope
3. Airway foreign body management

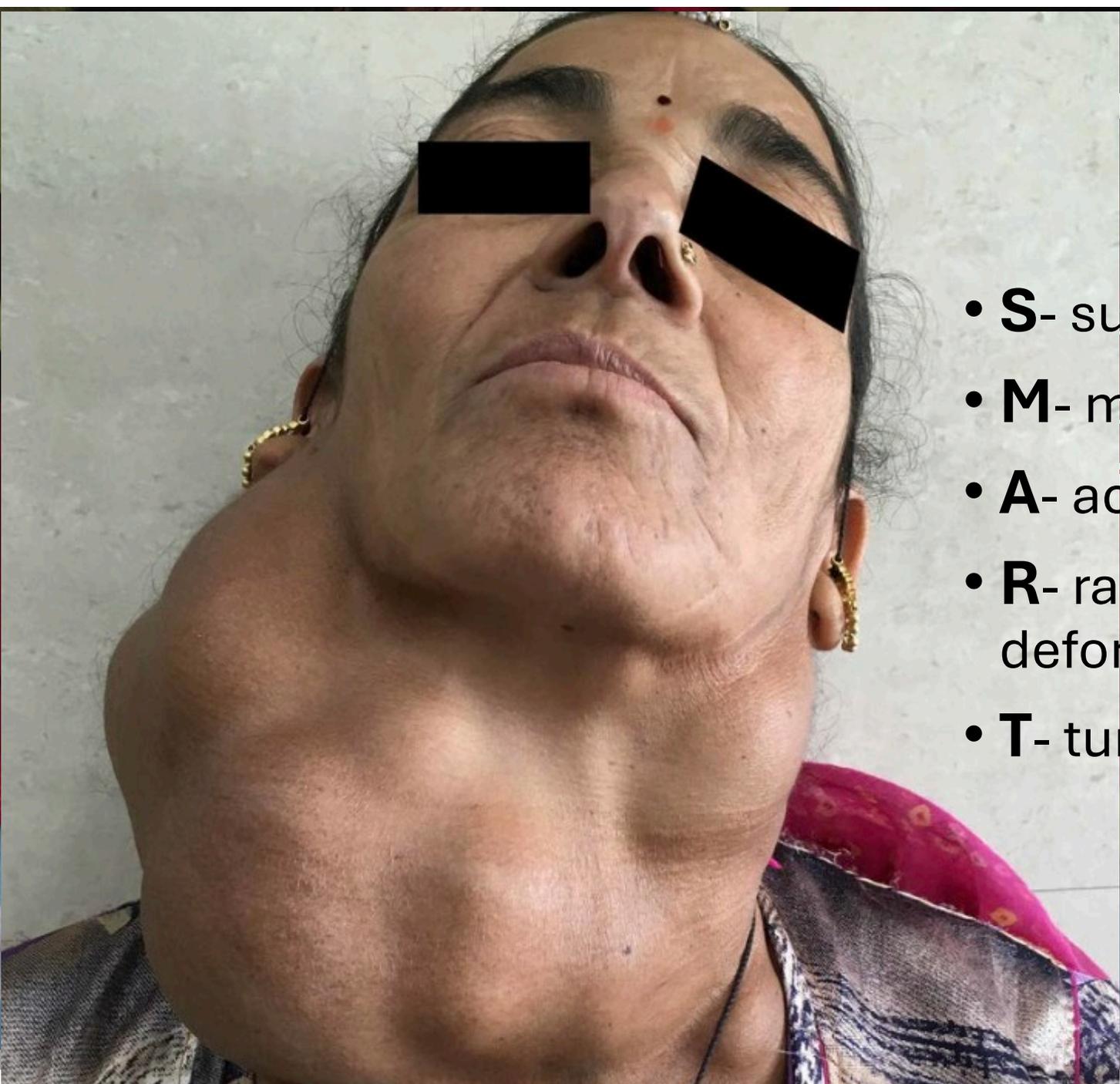
Main objective is to **help predict challenging airways** so that you are prepared and successful!!



Se

mouth

- **Ic**
- **M**- mask facial
- **O**- ob
- **A**- age
- **N**- no
- **S**- stiff



- **S**- sur
- **M**- mass
- **A**- access/anatomy
- **R**- radiation (neck deformity/scarring)
- **T**- tumor

.00
rise



- Vitals
- Co-morbidities
- Facial features
- Neck features
- Body Habitus

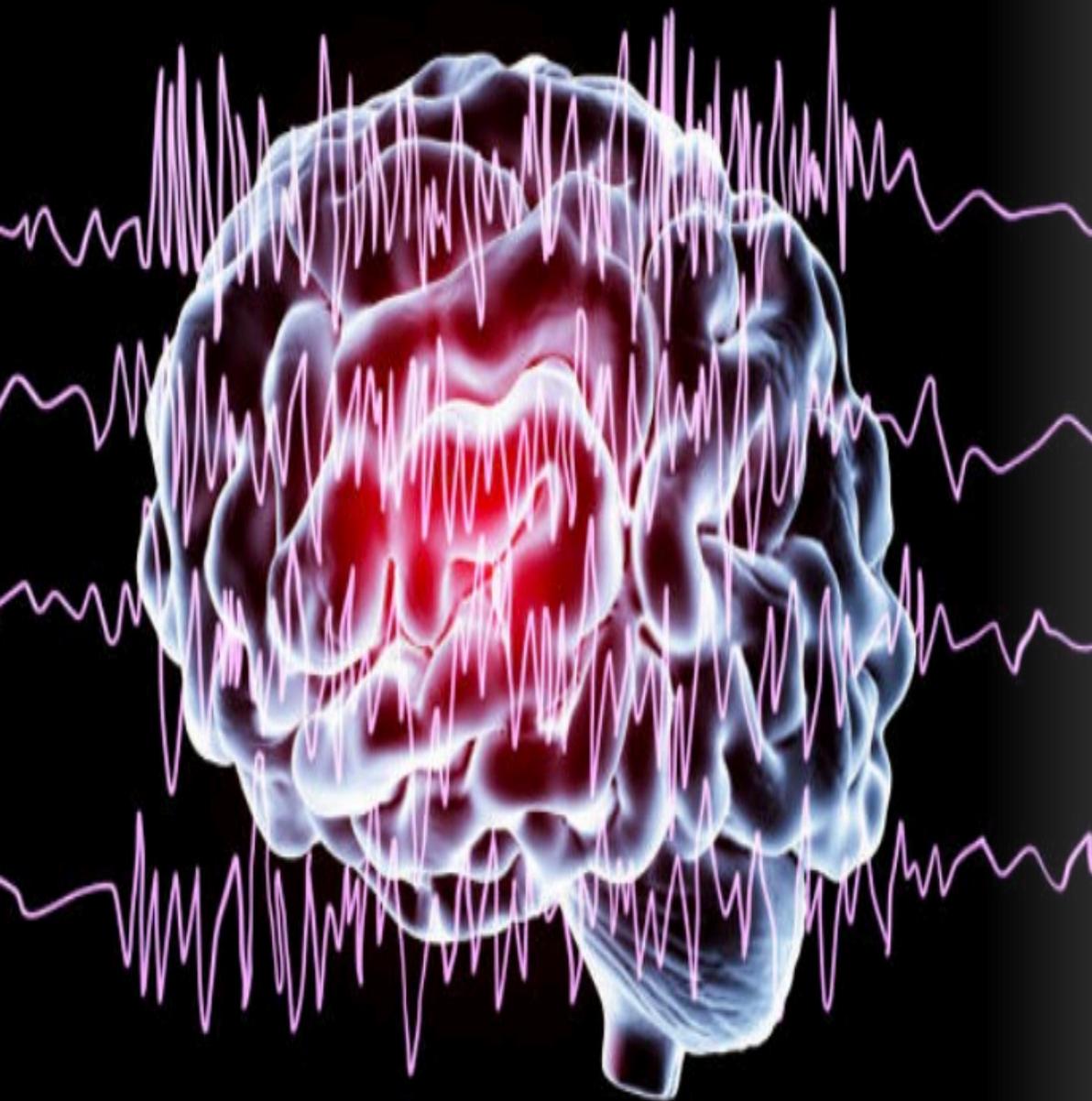


Difficult Airway Assessment

- Recognize what makes a difficult airway
- Have a toolkit of ways to approach each issue identified
- Have an algorithm for how you will proceed if things don't go as expected

→ Don't be afraid to call for help

→ Don't be afraid to do a cricothyrotomy



Case 1: Found Down

53 yo M, PMH AUD complicated by withdrawal seizures and DT's, found down s/p presumed seizure. GCS 9 and improving.

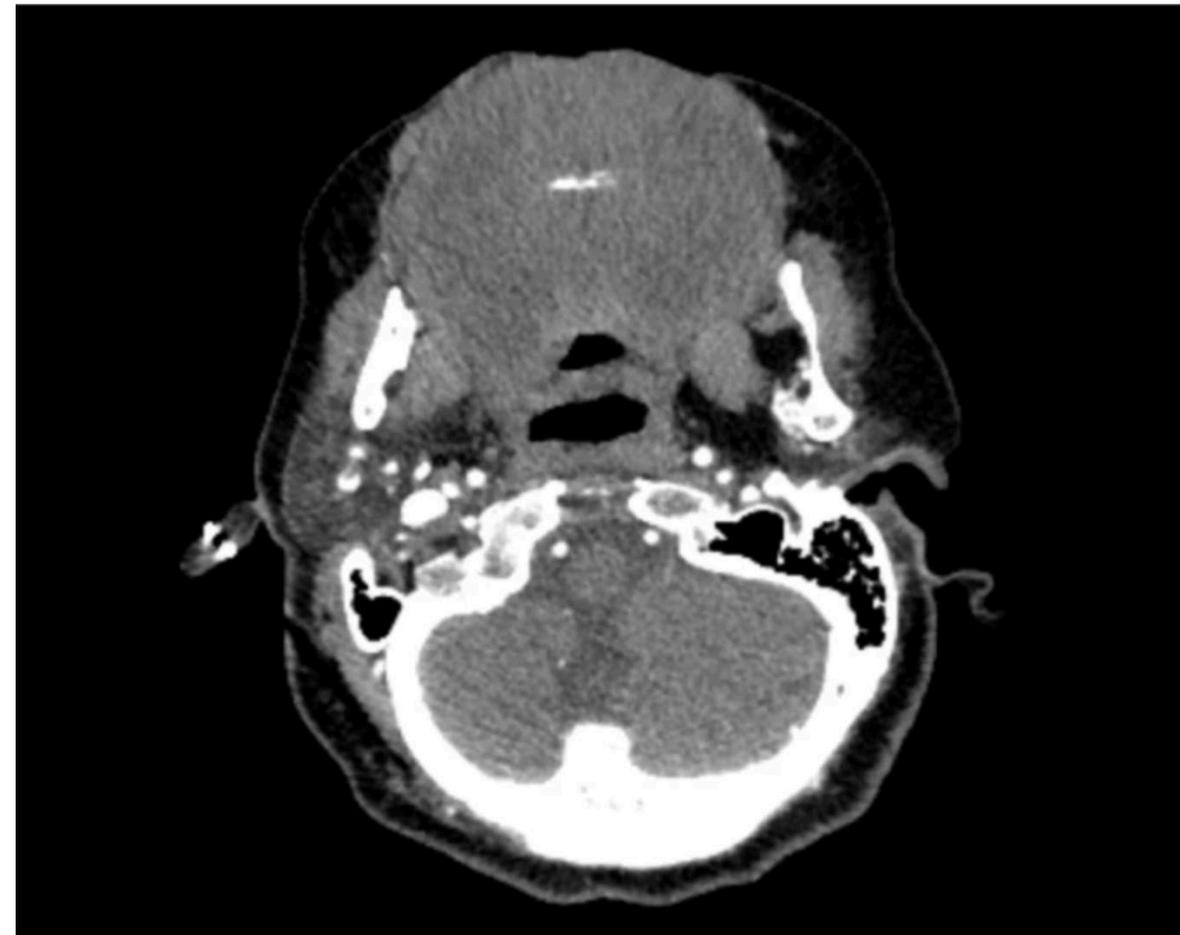
- BP: 175/100
- HR: 125
- RR: 28
- O2 Sat: 94%
- Temp: 37.5 °C





Airway Issues

- Airway obstruction
- Time
- Expected ED course



WHAT NEXT???



Awake Fiberoptic Intubation

- Indications
 - Known/suspected difficult oral intubation
 - Unstable cervical spine
 - Abnormal anatomy
- Relative Contraindications
 - Severe facial trauma/massive bleeding
 - Obtunded
 - “Crash airway”
- Nasotracheal vs Oral



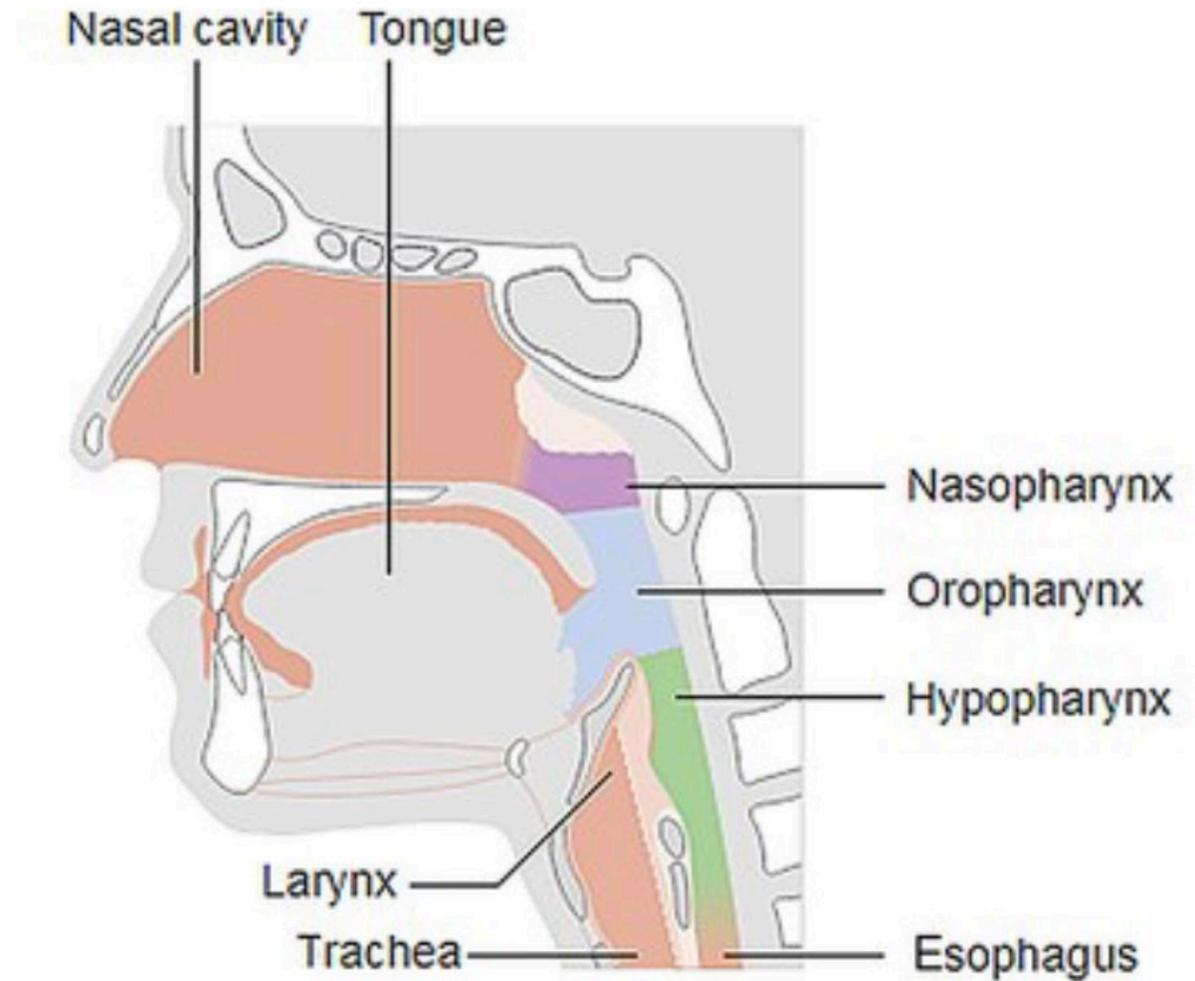
Airway Preparation

- Pre-oxygenate
- Positioning
- Dry them out, take away their gag
 - Glycopyrrolate 0.2mg IV or atropine 0.1mg/kg
 - Zofran 4mg IV
 - Suction and use gauze to wipe off excess saliva
- Topical Anesthesia
- Sedation



Topicalize

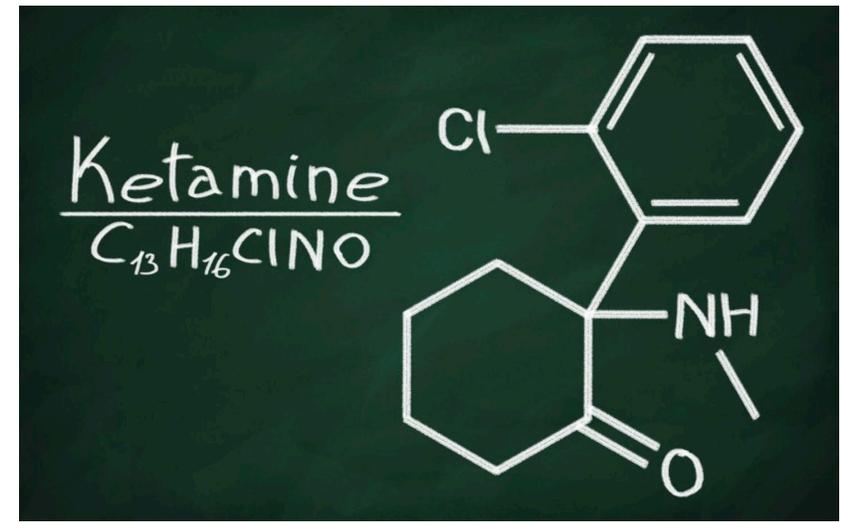
- Afrin in nares
- 4% lidocaine nasal atomizer
 - 1-2 mL
- 4% lidocaine laryngeal atomizer
 - 1-2 mL
- Gargle viscous lidocaine
- Optional: 4% lidocaine down the cords- **3 mL max**

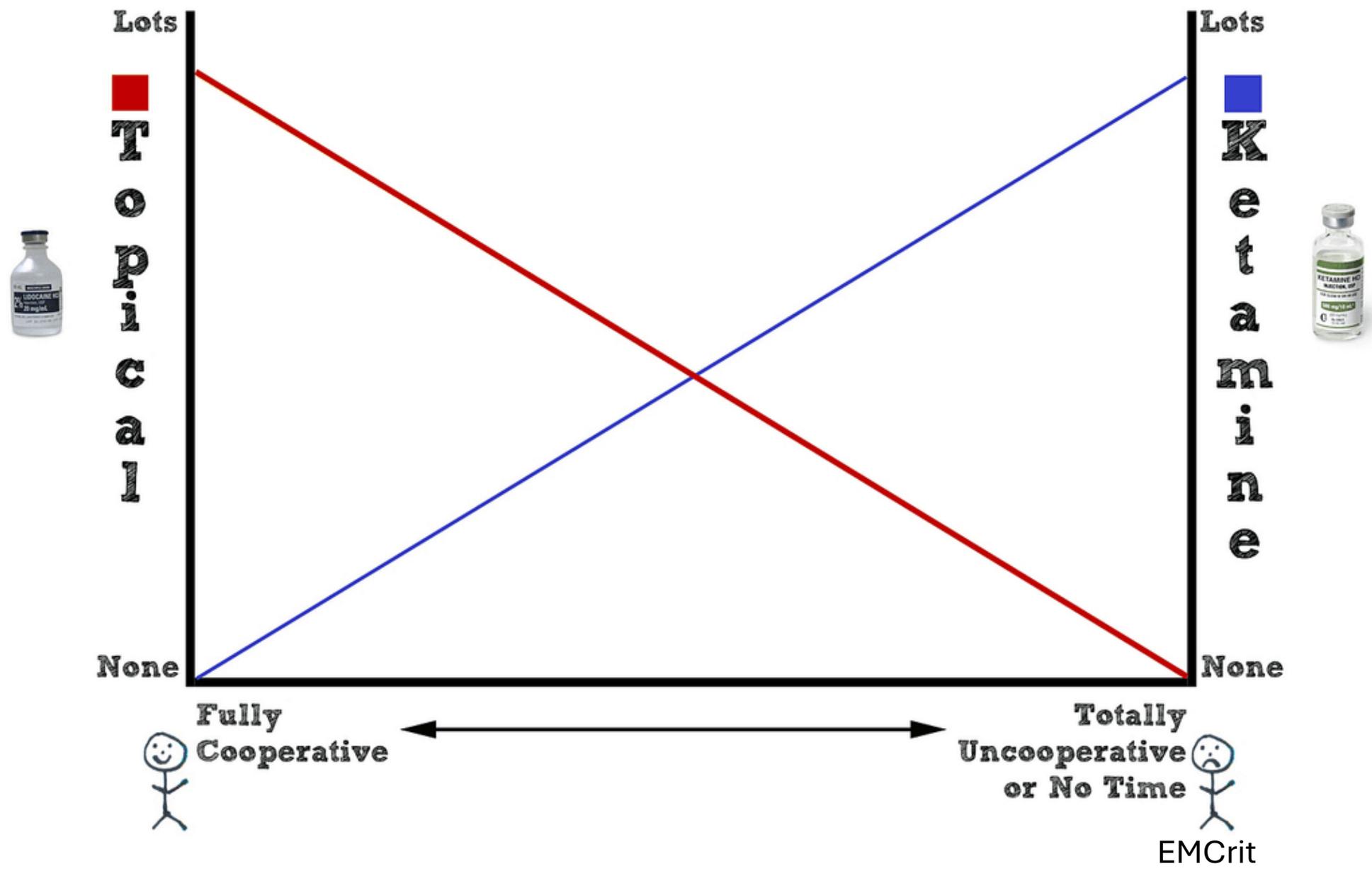


Max 4mg/kg = 70kg x4 = 280mg 4% lidocaine

Sedate/Dissociate

- Ketamine
 - 1-1.5mg/kg dose range for full induction
 - Give small bolus (20-30mg) then 10mg every minute
- Propofol
- Etomidate
- Versed/Fentanyl











Back to our Case

- Decision to secure airway and scope
- Patient topicalized
- ENT called for back-up due to nasal intubation
- Ketamine 20mg IV slow pushes prn
- Nasal approach with visualization of the cords and epiglottis
- Once we saw this, asked patient to sniff in through nose and then passed the scope through the cords.
- Then gave full induction med for passing the tube

Other Options?

- Double prep
- Give meds
- Attempt from above with someone at the neck, landmarks already palpated, ready to cut

Case 2: Coney Island Hot Dog Eating Contest



- 47 yo M, unknown PMH, witnessed cardiac arrest while eating a hot dog. Got ROSC in field after.
- BP: 100/60
- HR: 65
- RR: 12-16 (BVM)
- O2 Sat: 89%
- Temp: AF

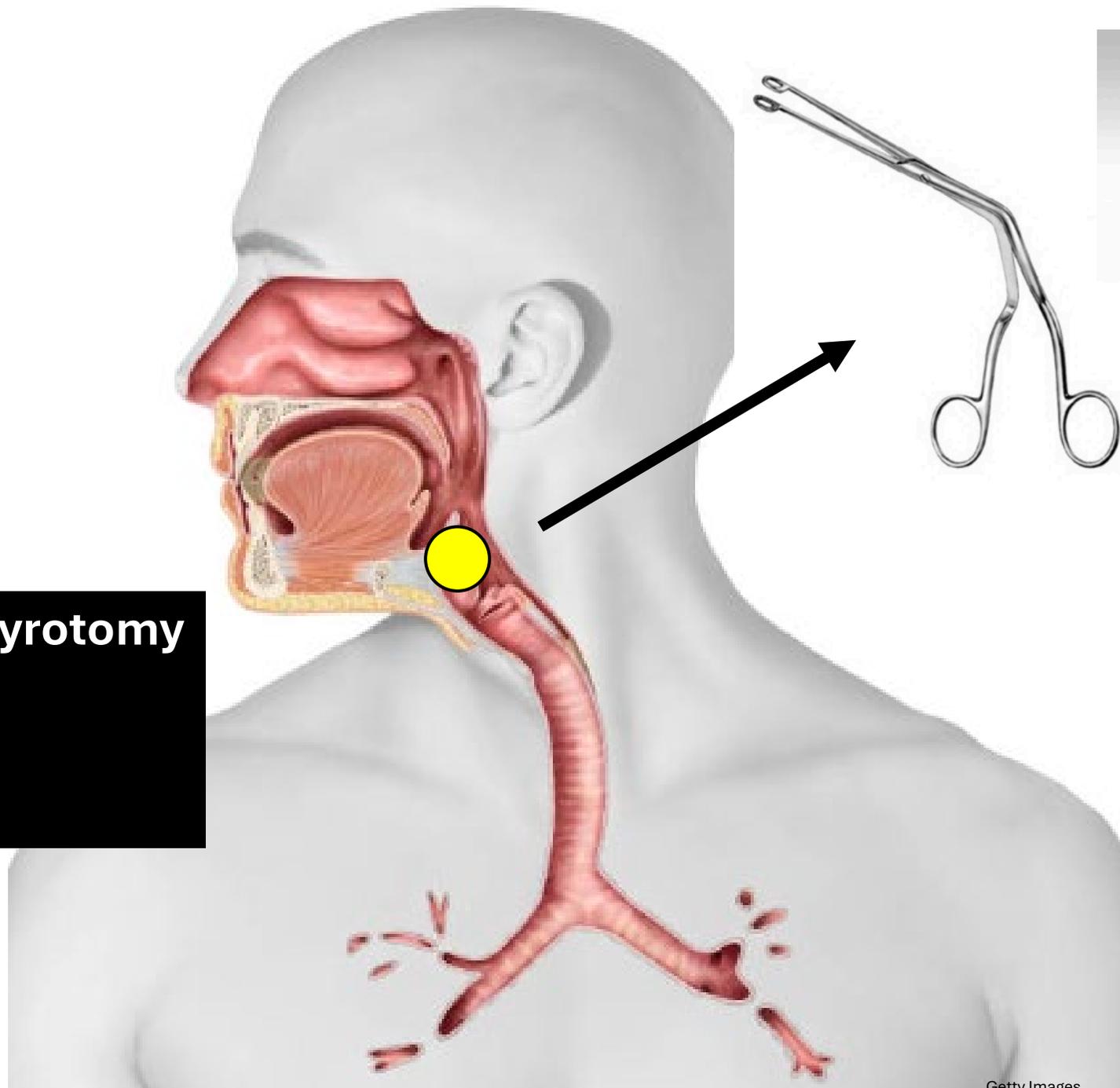


Airway Issues

- Hemodynamics
- Oxygenation
- Presumed FB obstruction



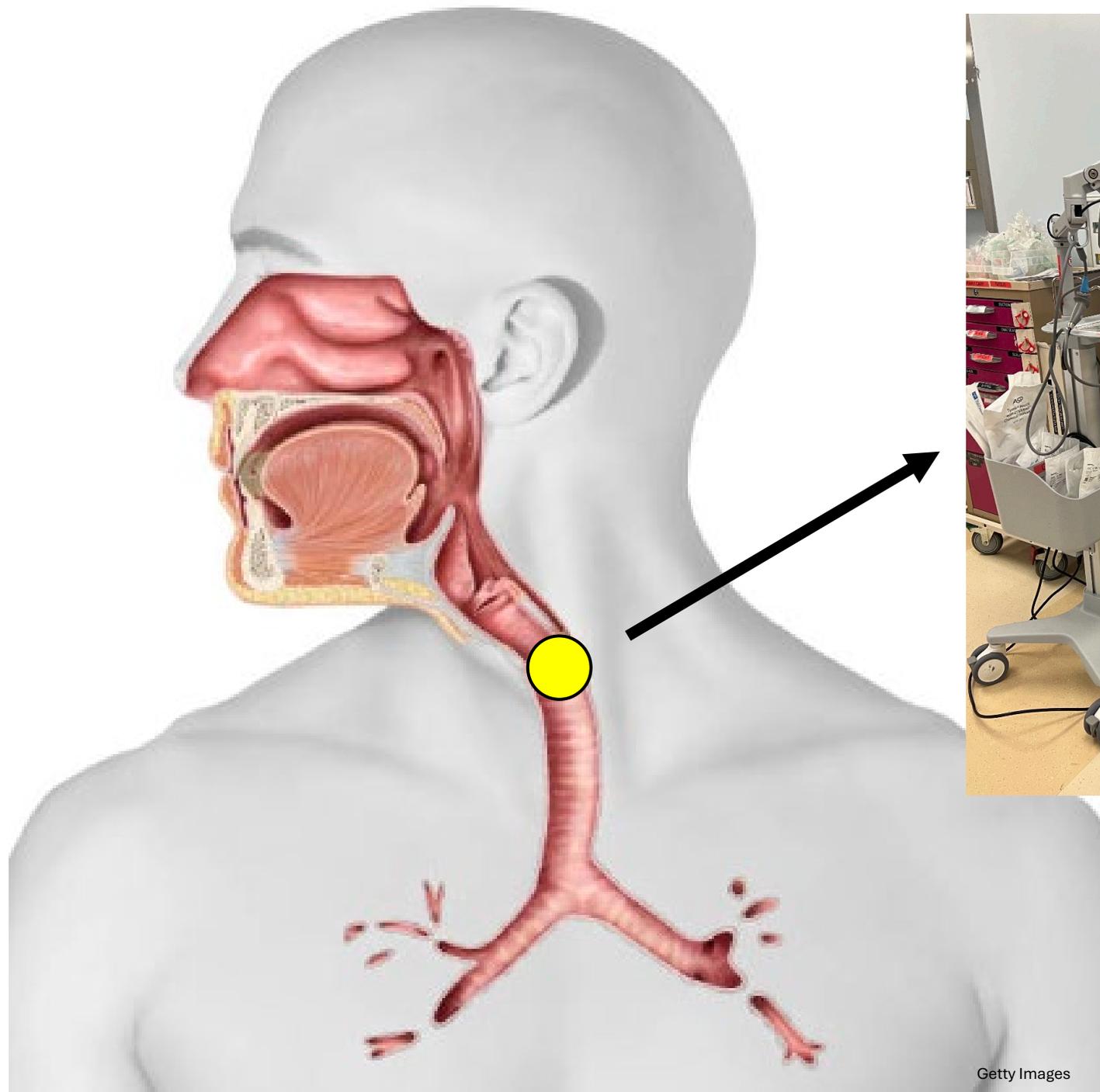
WHAT NEXT???



Be ready for cricothyrotomy
- 6.0 ETT
- Scalpel
- Bougie

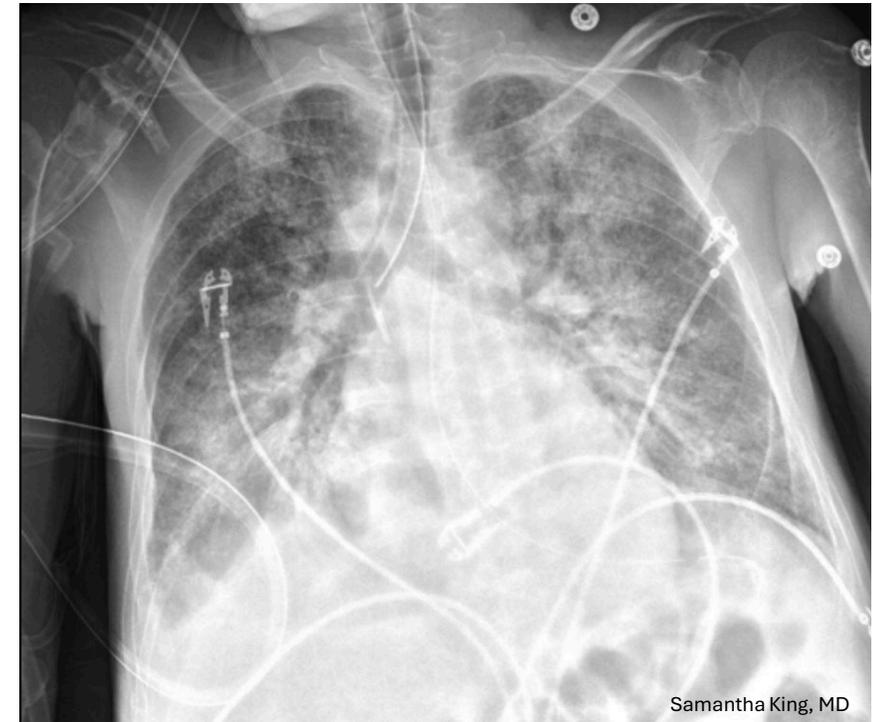


R Mainstem



R Mainstem the Obstruction

- Intubate using VL as you normally would
- Almost hub the ETT at the mouth to ensure that you are past the carina
- Bougie through tube
- Pull back ETT to normal distance

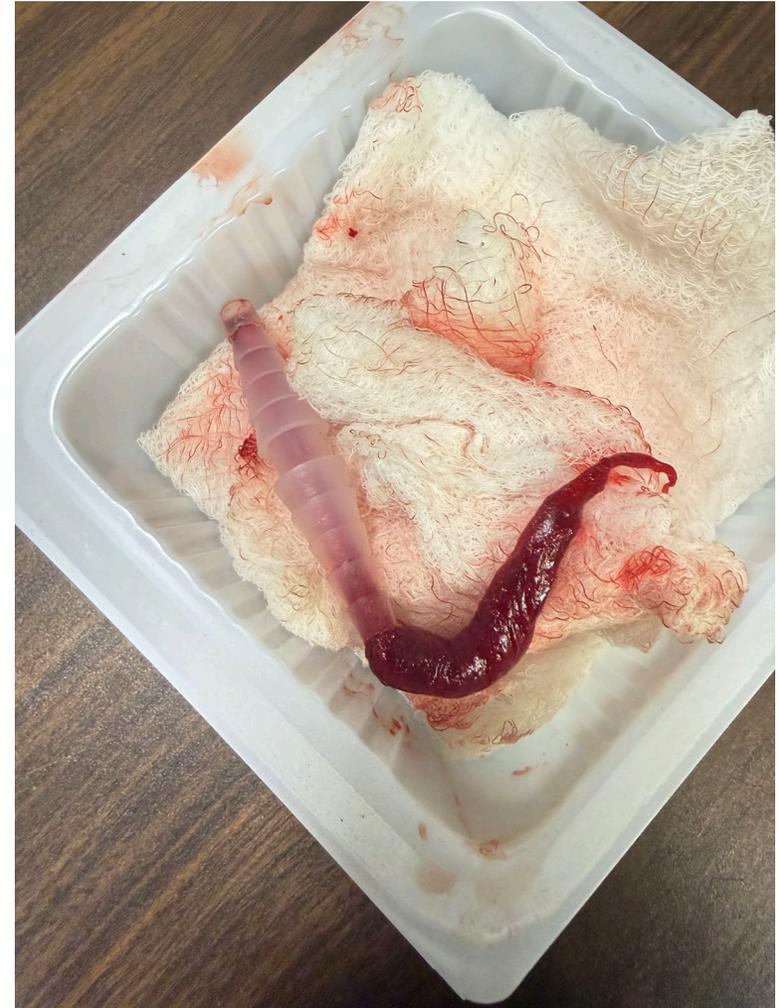






Back to our Case

- Eventually brought adult McGills and able to extract most of hot dog
- Intubated without issues and oxygenation/ventilation OK
- Bronchoscopy for further FB removal
- Pt did well- no cognitive issues





Conclusion

- Develop a scripted airway assessment
- Know your airway algorithms and plan A, B and C
- Awake intubation with fiberscope when oral obstruction and have some time
- Topicalization is EVERYTHING!
- Know your anatomy to help facilitate your scope
- Foreign body management depends on where the FB is

A tropical beach scene featuring a sandy shore in the foreground, dark volcanic rocks along the water's edge, and turquoise ocean waves. The sky is bright blue with scattered white clouds. On the left, there are lush green palm trees and other tropical vegetation.

Questions?

Thank you!

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